## **Solar in Maryland**

## **Maryland Policies**

- <u>Renewable Portfolio Standard</u> (RPS): at least 14.5% of electricity sold in Maryland in 2028 and later must be from solar resources.
  - Relevant Statutes and Regulations: PUA §7-701-7-704, PUA §7-705-7-714; COMAR 20.61
  - Annual RPS Report Available at <a href="https://www.psc.state.md.us/commission-reports/">https://www.psc.state.md.us/commission-reports/</a>
- <u>Community Solar Pilot</u>: 7-year pilot capped at 3.25% of 2015 peak demand in MW for Maryland.
  - May not end prior to December 31, 2024.
  - Relevant Statutes and Regulations: <u>PUA §7-306.2</u>; <u>COMAR 20.62</u>
  - The Commission's report to the General Assembly at: <a href="https://www.psc.state.md.us/commission-reports/">https://www.psc.state.md.us/commission-reports/</a>
- Net Energy Metering: utility bill mechanism for compensating customers for electricity delivered to the grid by the customer.
  - Solar is one of the eligible resources for net energy metering in Maryland.
  - Capped at 3,000 MW statewide.
  - Relevant Statutes and Regulations: <u>PUA §;7-306</u>; <u>COMAR 20.50.10</u>
  - Annual Net Metering Report Available at <a href="https://www.psc.state.md.us/commission-reports/">https://www.psc.state.md.us/commission-reports/</a>

## **Types of Solar**

- **Rooftop solar:** A solar energy generating system directly installed on a customer's property.
  - Owned by the customer or a third-party.
  - Can be a residential or commercial system.
  - May be eligible for net-metering and solar renewable energy credits.
- Community solar: A solar energy generating system designed to make solar energy accessible to residents and businesses that may be unable or unwilling to install solar on their properties, residences, or buildings.
  - Owned by a subscriber organization.
  - Pilot Program Categories: Small, Brownfield, and Other; Low and Moderate Income; and Open
  - May be eligible for net-metering and solar renewable energy credits.
- Utility-Scale solar: A solar energy generating system that sells electricity through power purchase agreements or into the wholesale electricity market.
  - Owned by a generation company.
  - May require a <u>Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity</u> (CPCN) or CPCN Exemption.
  - May be eligible for solar renewable energy credits.

